Date of birth: **Patient Name:**

Diagnostic Table DSM-5 (adapted from DSM-5 Manual, American Psychiatric Association, 5 th edition, 2013)							
Diagnostic Criteria							
A. Persistent deficits in social communication and social interaction across						Severity	
multiple contexts (must meet all)						Level (1-3)	
1. Deficits in social-emotional reciprocity							
2. Deficits in nonverbal communicative behaviors used for social interaction							
3. Deficits in developing, maintaining, and understanding relationships							
B. Restricted, repetitive patterns of behavior, interests, or activities (at least 2)							
1. Stereotyped or repetitive motor movements, use of objects, or speech							
2. Insistence on sameness, inflexible adherence to routines, or ritualized							
patterns or verbal nonverbal behavior							
3. Highly restricted, fixated interests that are abnormal in intensity or focus							
4. Hyper- or hyporeactivity to sensory input or unusual interests in sensory							
aspects of the environment							
C. Symptoms present in the early developmental period (see explanatory notes)							
D. Symptoms cause clinically significant impairment in social, occupational, or other							
important areas of current functioning							
E. These disturbances are not better explained by intellectual disability (intellectual							
developmental disorder) or global developmental delay.							
Other:	No	Uncertain	ı	Mild	Moderate	Severe	
Accompanying intellectual impairment							
Accompanying language impairment							
COMORBID CONDITIONS	No	Uncertain	Yes		Comments/I	Details	
Associated with a known medical or genetic							
condition or environmental factor							
Associated with another							
neurodevelopmental, mental, or behavioral							
disorder							
Associated with catatonia							
Other comments							
Physician Name:							
Signed:							
Date:							
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Severity levels for autism spectrum disorder

Severity level	Social communication	Restricted, repetitive behaviors
Level 3 "Requiring very substantial	Severe deficits in verbal and nonverbal social communication	Inflexibility of behavior, extreme difficulty coping with change, or
support"	skills cause severe impairments in functioning, very limited initiation of social interactions, and minimal response to social overtures from others. For example, a person with few words of intelligible speech who rarely initiates interaction and, when he or she does, makes unusual approaches to meet needs only and responds to only	other restricted/repetitive behaviors markedly interfere with functioning in all spheres. Great distress/difficulty changing focus or action.
Level 2 "Requiring substantial support"	very direct social approaches Marked deficits in verbal and nonverbal social communication skills; social impairments apparent even with supports in place; limited initiation of social interactions; and reduced or abnormal responses to social overtures from others. For example, a person who speaks simple sentences, whose interaction is limited to narrow special interests, and how has markedly odd nonverbal communication.	Inflexibility of behavior, difficulty coping with change, or other restricted/repetitive behaviors appear frequently enough to be obvious to the casual observer and interfere with functioning in a variety of contexts. Distress and/or difficulty changing focus or action.
Level 1 "Requiring support"	Without supports in place, deficits in social communication cause noticeable impairments. Difficulty initiating social interactions, and clear examples of atypical or unsuccessful response to social overtures of others. May appear to have decreased interest in social interactions. For example, a person who is able to speak in full sentences and engages in communication but whose to-and-fro conversation with others fails, and whose attempts to make friends are odd and typically unsuccessful.	Inflexibility of behavior causes significant interference with functioning in one or more contexts. Difficulty switching between activities. Problems of organization and planning hamper independence.

ASD DSM 5 Diagnostic criteria

A. Persistent deficits in social communication and social interaction across multiple contexts, as manifested by the following, currently or by history:

- 1. Deficits in social-emotional reciprocity, ranging, for example, from abnormal social approach and failure of normal back-and-forth conversation; to reduced sharing of interests, emotions, or affect; to failure to initiate or respond to social interactions.
- 2. Deficits in nonverbal communicative behaviors used for social interaction, ranging, for example, from poorly integrated verbal and nonverbal communication; to abnormalities in eye contact and body language or deficits in understanding and use of gestures; to a total lack of facial expressions and nonverbal communication.
- 3. Deficits in developing, maintaining, and understanding relationships, ranging, for example, from difficulties adjusting behavior to suit various social contexts; to difficulties in sharing imaginative paly or in making friends; to absence of interest in peers.

Specify current severity:

Severity is based on social communication impairments and restricted repetitive patterns of behavior .

- B. Restricted, repetitive patterns of behavior, interests, or activities, as manifested by at least two of the following, currently or by history:
- 1. Stereotyped or repetitive motor movements, use of objects, or speech (e.g., simple motor stereotypies, lining up toys or flipping objects, echolalia, idiosyncratic phrases).
- 2. Insistence on sameness, inflexible adherence to routines, or ritualized patterns or verbal nonverbal behavior (e.g., extreme distress at small changes, difficulties with transitions, rigid thinking patterns, greeting rituals, need to take same route or eat food every day).
- 3. Highly restricted, fixated interests that are abnormal in intensity or focus (e.g, strong attachment to or preoccupation with unusual objects, excessively circumscribed or perseverative interest).
- 4. Hyper- or hyporeactivity to sensory input or unusual interests in sensory aspects of the environment (e.g., apparent indifference to pain/temperature, adverse response to specific sounds or textures, excessive smelling or touching of objects, visual fascination with lights or movement).

Specify current severity:

Severity is based on social communication impairments and restricted, repetitive patterns of behavior

- C. Symptoms must be present in the early developmental period (but may not become fully manifest until social demands exceed limited capacities, or may be masked by learned strategies in later life).
- <u>D. Symptoms cause clinically significant impairment in social, occupational, or other important areas of current functioning.</u>
- E. These disturbances are not better explained by intellectual disability (intellectual developmental disorder) or global developmental delay. Intellectual disability and autism spectrum disorder frequently co-occur; to make comorbid diagnoses of autism spectrum disorder and intellectual disability, social communication should be below that expected for general developmental level.

Note: Individuals with a well-established DSM-IV diagnosis of autistic disorder, Asperger's disorder, or pervasive developmental disorder not otherwise specified should be given the diagnosis of autism spectrum disorder. **Individuals**

who have marked deficits in social communication, but whose symptoms do not otherwise meet criteria for autism spectrum disorder, should be evaluated for social (pragmatic) communication disorder.

Specify if:

With or without accompanying intellectual impairment
With or without accompanying language impairment
Associated with a known medical or genetic condition or environmental factor

(Coding note: Use additional code to identify the associated medical or genetic condition.)
Associated with another neurodevelopmental, mental, or behavioral disorder
(Coding note: Use additional code[s] to identify the associated neurodevelopmental, mental, or behavioral disorder[s].)
With catatonia (refer to the criteria for catatonia associated with another mental disorder, pp. 119-120, for definition)
(Coding note: Use additional code 293.89 [F06.1] catatonia associated with autism spectrum disorder to indicate the presence of the comorbid catatonia.)